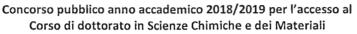
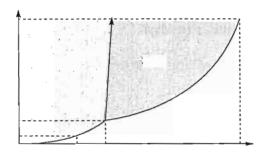
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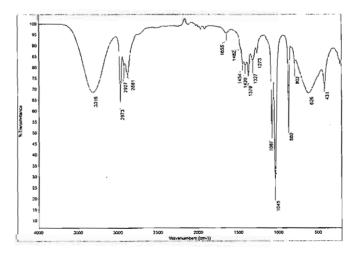
(bandito con decreto rettorale n.39168 del 22 giugno 2018e successive modifiche e integrazioni)



- 1. What is a certified reference material? What is it used for?
- 2. Describe how to perform the analysis of a solution in hexane of benzene, toluene and ethylbenzene in trace amounts. Which kind of chromatographic set-up (gas, liquid or thin layer? Which eluent and detector) would you use to separate and detect them?
- 3. The triplicate analyses of copper ion in three aliquots of a commercial wine yielded the following results: 10.1 ppm; 10.2 ppm; 10.4 ppm. Provide the final result of the analysis (critical values are reported in the attached table).
- 4. Discuss the temperature dependence of the equilibrium constant of a reaction.
- 5. The following graph is the phase diagram of CO₂



- Report in y and x axis of the diagram the correct thermodynamic variables.
- Show in the diagram where each phase (solid (S), liquid (L) and gas (G)) is thermodynamically stable.
- Discuss the slope of the S/L phase boundary.
- 6. Assign the following IR spectrum to the right molecule: Ethanol or Acetone. Motivate your answer.



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MA DICALLANDIS

Concorso pubblico anno accademico 2018/2019 per l'accesso al Corso di dottorato in Scienze Chimiche e dei Materiali

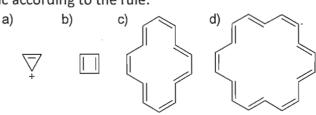
(bandito con decreto rettorale n.39168 del 22 giugno 2018e successive modifiche e integrazioni)

- 7. Describe the energy levels of d orbitals in complexes with octahedral and tetrahedral geometries. Discuss the properties of these complexes
- 8. Metals: general features and the nature of metallic bond.
- 9. Group 14 (4A) elements: general features and outstanding differences.
- 10. Describe the key characteristics and difference of the two main types of polymerization: chain-reaction (or addition) and step-reaction (or condensation) polymerization (monomers, kinetics, obtained polymers).
- 11. 80% of industrial processes make use of catalysts in chemical reactions:
 - a. Briefly define a catalyst and the most important properties of a catalyst
 - b. What are the advantages and the disadvantages of (1) homogeneous catalysis and (2) heterogeneous catalysis?
- 12. What is 'Green chemistry' and what are the main principles of green chemistry (e.g. renewable resources)?
- 13. Select the words that best describe what happens to the <u>optical rotation</u> of the alkene shown when it is hydrogenated to the alkane according to the following equation:

$$\frac{H}{(R)}$$
 $\frac{H_2}{\text{cat. (Ni)}}$

- (a) Increases; (b) Changes to zero; (c) Changes sign; (d) Stays the same; (e) Decreases; (f) impossible to predict. Please, argument briefly your answer.
- 14. How many 13C NMR signals would be given by the following compound?

- (a) 7; (b) 8; (c) 10; (d) 11; (e) 13
- 15. Discuss briefly Huckel's rule of Aromaticity, then indicate which of the following molecules or ions is not aromatic according to the rule:



Molecola corretta riportata alla lavagna

Confidence level, $\%$ $\nu = N - 1$	50	90	95	99	99.9
1	1.000	6.314	12,706	63.657	636.619
2	0.816	2.920	4.303	9.925	31.598
3	0.765	2.353	3.182	5.841	12.941
4	0.741	2.132	2.776	4.604	8.610
5	0.727	2.015	2.571	4.032	6.859
6	0.718	1.943	2.447	3.707	5.959
7	0.711	1.895	2.365	3.500	5.405